

| | Federation of Spixworth Schools Computing Skills Progression | | | | | |
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| | | Reception ELG | | | | |
| Curriculum | | Communication and Language - Listening , Attention and Understanding Listen attentively and respond to what they hear with relevant questions, comments and actions when being read to and during whole class discussions and small group interactions; Make comments about what they have heard and ask questions to clarify their understanding; Expressive Art and Design - Creating with Materials Safely use and explore a variety of materials, tools and techniques, experimenting with colour, design, texture, form and function; Share their creations, explaining the process they have used; Although technology no longer has its own individual aspect, it is still expected that children are given opportunities to explore a range of technologies from within different area of learning. This might be using programmable toys in mathematics, tablets to access audio books in literacy or using cameras to record things they find in nature in understanding the world. | KS1 understand what algorithms are; how they are implemented as programs on digital devices; and that programs execute by following precise and unambiguous instructions create and debug simple programs use logical reasoning to predict the behaviour of simple programs use technology purposefully to create, organise, store, manipulate and retrieve digital content recognise common uses of information technology beyond school use technology safely and respectfully, keeping personal information private; identify where to go for help and support when they have concerns about content or contact on the internet or other online technologies. | | | |
| Covera | age | A Reception Computer Scientist can: | A Year 1 Computer Scientist can: | A Year 2 Computer Scientist can: | | |
| Digital Literacy | E-Safety | Know there are rules for computer and internet use Know who can help if they are unsure of what they see online | Agree sensible e-safety rules for the classroom Keep passwords private Tell an adult Be kind and polite in real life and on the internet Use technology safely | Apply consistently classroom e-safety rules Keep passwords and private information safe Know what to do – report Know the right to choose what information is shared Know who sees your work online | | |
| Digita | Technology in our Lives | Complete offline and online puzzles Use devices to play games Share information on Tapestry | Complete offline and online puzzles Use devices to play games Share information on Tapestry Recognise different forms of electronic communication (e.g. email, twitter etc) | Search for information Save and receive data Talk about the validity of online information Communicate safely and accurately (e.g. composing email) | | |

| | Drogramming | Understand forward and backward | Lindorstand loft | and right | Understand whole, half and quarter turns | | |
|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------|---|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---|--|--|
| e G | Programming | Understand forward and backward | Understand left a | - | Understand whole, half and quarter turns | | |
| <u>Computer</u> <u>science</u> | Floor robots – Explore functions | | Floor robots – alg | | Floor robots – debugging | | |
| cie D | | Apps – recognise appropriate icons to complete an | Apps – Beebots, | moving | Apps – Beebots, drawing shapes | | |
| 3 % | | | | | | | |
| | Multimedia | Explore and interact with their environment using | a range of Use cameras to r | ecord images | Input images to text | | |
| | equipment | | Add text to work | _ | Create moving animation | | |
| | | Use keyboard commands inc spacebar, letter and numeral k | | ontent | Create a news report using video | | |
| ci ol | | backspace | - | mmands inc enter and space bar | Create and edit text inc italics, bold, font size | | |
| Information Technology | Create pictures electronically | | to create spaces | - | and colour | | |
| <u>ch</u> | | | | ng tools and how to use them | Create pictures independently using a range of | | |
| 칠리 | | | | | tools | | |
| | Handling | Know that technology can collect information and | begin to use it Collect information | on on a topic | Use branching database | | |
| | Data | for this purpose | - | (Venn/pictograms) | Present information | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | Federation of Spixworth Scho | pols | | | |
| | | | Computing Skills Progressio | | | | |
| | | KS2 | | | | | |
| Curricu | ulum | design, write and debug programs that ac | complish specific goals, including c | controlling or simulating physical sy | stems: solve problems by decomposing them | | |
| | | design, write and debug programs that accomplish specific goals, including controlling or simulating physical systems; solve problems by decomposing them into smaller parts | | | | | |
| | | use sequence, selection, and repetition in programs; work with variables and various forms of input and output | | | | | |
| | | use logical reasoning to explain how some simple algorithms work and to detect and correct errors in algorithms and programs | | | | | |
| | | understand computer networks including the internet; how they can provide multiple services, such as the world wide web; and the opportunities they offer for communication and collaboration | | | | | |
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| | | • use search technologies effectively, appreciate how results are selected and ranked, and be discerning in evaluating digital content | | | | | |
| | | • select, use and combine a variety of software (including internet services) on a range of digital devices to design and create a range of programs, systems and | | | | | |
| | | content that accomplish given goals, including collecting, analysing, evaluating and presenting data and information | | | | | |
| | | • use technology safely, respectfully and responsibly; recognise acceptable/unacceptable behaviour; identify a range of ways to report concerns about content | | | | | |
| | | and contact. | | | | | |
| Covera | ige | A Year 3 Computer Scientist can: A Year | 4 Computer Scientist can: | A Year 5 Computer Scientist can | A Year 6 Computer Scientist can: | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | E-Safety | | stand the importance of having a | Discuss their own personal use o | of the Demonstrate the safe and respectful | | |
| | | | password and not sharing this | Internet and choices they make I | Discuss use of a range of different | | |
| R | | Discuss what actions could be taken with an | nyone else | how to protect devices from viru | technologies and online services by | | |
| eracy | | | what actions could be taken if | threats | being a good online citizen and | | |
| Lite | | | e uncomfortable or upset | Discuss the importance of keepi | ng an friend | | |
| all | | | e.g. Report Abuse button | adult informed about what you' | | | |
| Digital Lite | | playing and what good choices are Talk ab | out what games they enjoying | online, and how to report conce | | | |
| | | | and what good choices are | · · · | doing online, and how to report | | |
| | | | playing games e.g. content, | Explore using the safe and respo | ISIDIE concorns | | |
| | | screen time screen | | use of online communication too | ois e.g. | | |
| 1 | | Sercen | | | | | |

| | Key Vocabulary | Use a class blog to share information and talk about who can see it, and how to communicate safely and respectfully safe, meet, accept, reliable, tell, online, tr internet, world wide web, communicate, r cyberbullying/bullying, plagiarism, profile. | | blogs, messaging spam, link, privacy, virus, scam, phishing, i safe, account, online, private, social media anonymous, victim, fraud/fraudulent, polic | a, adverts, cyberbullying, reporting, |
|-------------------------|----------------------------|--|--|--|---|
| | Technology in our lives | Save work on the school network, on the Internet and on individual devices Talk about world wide web as the part of the internet that contains websites; Use appropriate tools to collaborate and communicate on-line Use simple search tools and find appropriate websites Talk about the owner of information online | Talk about the school network & the different resources they can access, including the Internet Understand the function, features and layout of a search engine. Check who the owner is before copying photos, clipart or text Consider reliability of information & ways it may influence you | Identify different parts of computing devices. Identify different parts of the Internet Choose appropriate tools for communication and collaboration and use them responsibly Use effective strategies to search with appropriate search engines Talk about the different elements on web pages Find out who the information presented on a webpage belongs to. | Describe different services provided by the Internet & how information moves around the Internet Describe different parts of a computing device & how it connects to the Internet Connect a computing device to a keyboard, mouse or printer Identify appropriate forms of online communication for different audiences. Use search engines as part of an effective research strategy Describe how search results are selected & ranked Acknowledge who resources belong to that they have found on the internet |
| | Key vocabulary | filter, G oogle, search engine, image, keyboard, email, subject, address, communicate, sender, safe, secure, internet, world wide web, social media | | world wide web, search, search engine, advanced search, results, Google, browser, terms of use, bias, authority, citation, plagiarism, source, website, secure, https, site, domain, website, browser, address bar. | |
| <u>Computer science</u> | Programming | Turn a real life situation into an algorithm for a program by deconstructing it into manageable parts Create designs for their programs to show that they are thinking of the structure of a program in logical, achievable steps and absorbing some new knowledge of coding structures. | Write a program, putting commands into a sequence to achieve a specific outcome; Give a set of instructions to follow and predict what will happen; Keep testing a program and recognise when it needs to be debugged; | Explore procedures using repeat to achieve solutions to problems with Logo & a floor robot Talk about procedures as parts of a program Refine procedures to improve efficiency Use a variable to replace number of sides in a regular shape | Record in some detail the steps (the algorithm) that are required to achieve an outcome & refer to this when programming Predict the outputs for the steps in an algorithm Increase confidence in the process to plan, program, test & review a program |

| | | | | Fundamenting and the fundament | |
|------------------------|----------------|---|---|---|---------------------------------------|
| | | Make good attempts to 'step through' | Design their programs to show that they | Explore instructions to control software | Write a program which follows an |
| | | more complex code in order to identify | are thinking of the structure of a | or hardware with an input & using if | algorithm to solve a problem for a |
| | | errors in algorithms and can correct this | program in logical, achievable steps and | then commands | floor robot or other model |
| | | 'Read' programs with several steps and | absorbing some new knowledge of | Explore a computer model to control a | Write a program which follows an |
| | | predict the outcome accurately. | coding structures. | physical system | algorithm to achieve a planned |
| | | Test & improve / debug programmed | Can trace a code and use step-through | Change inputs on a model to achieve | outcome for appropriate |
| | | sequences. | methods to identify errors in code and | different outputs | programming software |
| | | Begin to type logo commands to | make logical attempts to correct this | Refine & extend a program | Control on screen mimics & physical |
| | | achieve outcomes. | Link the use of algorithms to solve | Identify difficulties & articulate a | devices using one or more input & |
| | | Explore outcomes when giving | problems to work in Maths, Science & | solution for errors in a program | predict the outputs |
| | | sequences of instructions in Logo | DT. | Group commands as a procedure to | Understand how sensors can be used |
| | | software | | achieve a specific outcome within a | to measure input in order to activate |
| | | Create an algorithm to tell a joke or a | | program | a procedure or sequence & talk |
| | | simple story | | Write down the steps required (an | about applications in society |
| | | | | algorithm) to achieve the outcome that | Create variables to provide a |
| | | | | is wanted and refer to this when | score/trigger an action in a game |
| | | | | programming. | Link errors in a program to problems |
| | | | | | in the original algorithm |
| | Key Vocabulary | algorithm, answer, correct, errors, program, algorithm, instructions, commands, forward (fd), left (lt), right (rt), move, turn, clear screen (cs), variable. | | flowchart, algorithm, control, output, symbol, start, stop, delay, process, | |
| | | | | decision, loop, backdrop, script, block, repeat, commentary, sequence, consequence, debug, program, Kodu, world, object, tool palette, program | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | environment, smooth, flatten, raise. | |
| | Multimedia | Explore & begin to evaluate the use of | Explore how multimedia can create | Select an appropriate ICT or online tool | Identify the purpose for selecting an |
| | Sound and | multimedia to enhance communication | atmosphere & appeal to different | to create and share ideas. | appropriate online tool |
| | motion | Create & begin to edit presentation | audiences | Explore the effects of multimedia | Discuss audience, atmosphere and |
| | | documents & text, experimenting with | Be confident in creating & modifying | (photos, video, sound) in a presentation | structure of a presentation or video |
| | | fonts, size, colour, alignment for | text & presentation documents to | or video and show how they can be | Collect information and media from |
| ß | | emphasis & effect | achieve a specific purpose | modified | a range of sources (considering |
| olo | | Use a range of effects in art programs | Use art programs & online tools to | Develop skills using transitions and | copyright issues) into a presentation |
| ů. | | including brush sizes, repeats, | modify photos for a specific purpose | hyperlinks to enhance the stricture of | for a specific audience |
| Tec | | reflections | using a range of effects | presentations | Use sound, images, text, transitions, |
| , UO | | Explore the use of video, animation & | Explore the use of video, animation, & | Use a wide range of effects in art | hyperlinks and HTML code effectively |
| Information Technology | | green screening | green screening for a specific audience | programs and online tools, discussing | in presentations |
| | | Use ICT tools to create musical phrases | Use ICT tools to create music phrases for | the choices made and their effectiveness | Store presentations and videos |
| lufo | | Amend text & save changes. | a specific purpose | Know how to use text and video editing | online where they can be accessed |
| | | Use individual fingers to input text & | Use a keyboard effectively, including the | tools in programs to refine their work | by themselves and shared with |
| | | use SHIFT key to type characters | use of keyboard shortcuts | Use online tools to create and share | others |
| | | Amend text by highlighting & using | Use font sizes & effects such as bullet | presentations and films | Evaluate the effectiveness of their |
| | | SELECT/ DELETE & COPY/ PASTE | points appropriately | | own work and the work of others |
| | | Look at own work & consider how it can | Know how to use a spell check | | |
| | | be improved for effectiveness | | | |

| | | Look at their own, and a friend's work & provide feedback that is constructive & specific | | |
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| Key Vocabulary | | | window, layout, text, font, colour, format, heading, hyperlink, 2D shape, 3D | |
| | flip book, frame, loop, frame rate, record, | stop, play, stop motion, stop frame. | shape, orbit, pan, zoom, eraser, dimension, measurement, guide. | |
| Handling Data | Find out information from a pre- | Plan and create a database to answer | Collect and record information using | Use the whole data process – |
| | prepared database, asking | questions | spreadsheets and databases | generate, process, interpret, store, |
| | straightforward questions | Identify different types of data | Carry out complex searches (e.g. using | and present information – realising |
| | Contribute towards a database | Ask questions carrying out simple | and/or; \leq / \geq) | the need for accuracy and checking |
| | Construct and use a branching database | searches on a database | Solve problems and present answers | plausibility |
| | Record data in a variety of ways | Identify inaccurate data | using data tools | Select appropriate data tool |
| | Present data for others | Present data in appropriate format for | Analyse information and question data | Identify and present results |
| | Use a data logger to monitor changes | an audience | Identify poor quality data. | Interrogate a database, refining |
| | and talk about the outcomes seen | Use a data logger to record and compare | Select appropriate use of a data logger | searches to provide answers to |
| | | individual readings. | for an investigation and interpret the | questions |
| | | | findings | Plan investigations using the |
| | | | | outcomes from a data logger to |
| | | | | show findings |
| Key Vocabulary | Key Vocabulary Google Docs, insert, table spreadsheet, cell, row, column, formula/formulas, | | Google Docs, insert, table, spreadsheet, cell, row, column, formula/formulas, | |
| | calculate, format, edit | | calculate, format, edit, insert, ascending, descending | |